

# **Web-based Information Science Education (WISE)**

## **A MODEL FOR QUALITY ONLINE EDUCATION IN LIBRARY AND INFORMATION SCIENCE**

### *Principles and Metrics for Effective Online Teaching and Learning*

As the number of online education programs in library and information science (LIS) grows, defining educational quality in this mode becomes an increasingly important task. The intent of this document is to review and define quality online education for LIS. It is a working document, one that will evolve as our understanding of effective online teaching and learning expands and deepens.

The principles and metrics for effective online teaching and learning presented here are intended to serve as a foundation which will guide WISE members as they plan and administer quality online education, in the spirit of continuous improvement. More broadly, these principles and metrics may contribute to the LIS education community's role in leading educational initiatives. Principles and metrics are defined in the context of online courses and programs, not in comparison to campus programs. The members of WISE believe that online courses and programs are a pedagogically sound method of delivery, independent of other delivery formats.

Recognizing that not all schools offering online courses have online programs, this document is divided into two key areas: at the course (C) and the program (P) level. An online program is defined as a school that offers a sufficient number of courses in a degree in online format such that students do not need to be in residence at the university. These areas are further subdivided by: administrative and technical support, faculty, learning effectiveness, and students. Descriptions of each area, including quality metrics, are presented below.

### **C. PRINCIPLES AND METRICS RELATED TO COURSES**

#### **C1. Administrative and Technical Support**

##### C1.1. Technology and Support

C1.1.1. Primary course technology (e.g. the learning management system) is:

- Accessible
- Intelligible
- Reliable and stable
- Supportive of the pedagogy
- Authenticated/ password protected

C1.1.2. Supplemental course technology (e.g. Skype, external course blog) meets the above criteria and is also accessible to the school for evaluative purposes

C1.1.3. Schools provide students and faculty with adequate technical support

- Schools provide students and faculty with access to detailed instructions for all supported course media, including practice sessions prior to the beginning of the course
- Faculty are aware of what course media is and is not supported by the school
- Faculty who choose to use media that is not supported by the school are equipped to provide timely and effective support to students for that media
- Technical support is respectful, supportive and timely (typically within 12-24 hours)

- Contact information and expected response time for technical support is clearly posted on the school website and at the point of need (e.g.: within the LMS)
- Reasonable accommodations are made for students with disabilities

C1.1.4. A documented technology plan that includes electronic security measures (e.g., password protection, encryption, back-up systems) is in place to ensure quality standards and the integrity and validity of information.

## C1.2. Course Information – Expectations and Guidelines

C1.2.1. Schools provide prospective and existing students with information about course expectations and prerequisites prior to the start of the course

- Software guidelines are clearly listed
- Level of technical expertise needed to succeed is clearly indicated
- Level of topical knowledge needed to succeed is clearly indicated
- Course details are clear and complete and facilitate appropriate selection based on fit with student's program
- Students have access to resources to help them determine their preparedness to learn online

## C1.3. Access to Information Resources

C1.3.1. Students and Faculty have access to appropriate information resources

- The institution's library is responsive to the online student and faculty information and service needs
- Online students and faculty have effective access to digital library resources
- Students are provided with training and information to aid them in securing material through electronic databases, interlibrary loans, government archives, news services, and other sources

C1.4. There is a clear policy on ownership of course materials developed for online education courses; this policy is shared with all faculty and staff involved in online education at the institution.

## C2. Faculty

C2.1. Faculty are well prepared and have access to support for online teaching

C2.1.1. Faculty have access to and participate in training, mentoring, and sharing experiences  
For example:

- Faculty engage in a variety of educational development opportunities related to online education (conferences, tutorials, workshops, mentoring networks, etc.)
- Faculty are flexible and have strategies to be able to adapt to changing technological and pedagogical situations

C2.1.2. Faculty have access to resources (including staff) at their home institutions to find answers to questions and problems related to pedagogy, administration, course development and technical issues. For example:

- Faculty are supported in the transition from classroom teaching to online instruction and receive feedback during the process, including release time, training, and access to pedagogical and technological resources.
- Faculty receive responses and solutions to technical, administrative, and student services questions within 48 hours.
- Faculty training and assistance, including peer-mentoring, continues through the progression of the online course.
- Faculty engage in and/or consider research related to online education.

C2.1.3. Faculty are able to meet the diverse needs of students. For example:

- Faculty communicate effectively with students by providing clear information (syllabi, learning outcomes, weekly schedules, assessment criteria, etc.)
- Student inquiries are usually responded to within 48 hours. This is stated in the course policies within the course materials.
- Faculty have the necessary information and support to make courses accessible to students with disabilities.

C2.1.4. Faculty have opportunities to consider the online learning experience

- Faculty are surveyed at least annually about their experience with online pedagogy, resources, and curriculum
- Faculty who teach WISE courses are surveyed about their satisfaction with the experience

C2.2. Assessment and Evaluation

- Faculty provide opportunities for assessment through: exams, written work, group projects, student presentation, participation in discussion, debates, portfolios, etc.
- The student assessment process is clearly articulated and is related to learning outcomes
- All submitted coursework is reviewed, commented upon, and returned typically within one week
- Faculty include policy information related to academic integrity in course materials
- Faculty incorporate student feedback mechanisms into their instruction methods

### **C3. Learning Effectiveness**

C3.1. Course design promotes learning effectiveness

C3.1.1. Course objectives and intended learning outcomes are clearly articulated and reflected in the course design

C3.1.2. Intended learning outcomes are reviewed regularly to ensure clarity, utility, and appropriateness. Means of assuring quality may include

- Course and curriculum review by faculty or committee
- Regular review of course evaluations completed by students
- Consultation with employers and alumni
- Review of statements of core competencies from professional associations related to the subject scope of the course

C3.1.3. Course materials provided to students support fulfillment of course objectives and intended learning outcomes

- Course materials may include texts, supplementary readings, lecture materials, and other web-based resources
- Syllabi are clear, easy to navigate, and error-free. They state the course schedule and due dates, course objectives, intended learning outcomes, administrative policies such as expectations for academic honesty, and procedures to be followed for accommodating students with disabilities
- To improve cross-cultural communication and avoid misunderstanding, the course makes an effort to reduce or avoid the use of jargon, idioms, ambiguous or cute humor, and acronyms
- Expectations for faculty-student communication within the course are clearly established. Course materials state when students can expect feedback from the instructor including faculty responses to discussion boards, emails, phone calls, and assignments

C3.1.4. Course design includes a residency and/or synchronous sessions if needed to satisfy the course objectives and achieve intended learning outcomes

C3.1.5. Courses take advantage of the benefits and opportunities the online environment offers. These may include:

- Online tutorials to introduce various technologies and tools
- Virtual labs
- Experts from the field as virtual guest speakers/lecturers
- Web resources
- Opportunities for students to share perspectives from their geographic area
- Archived course materials, bulletin boards, and synchronous activities

C3.1.6. Various learning styles are considered in the pedagogical and technological design of the course

- Learning styles are best engaged by using a variety of media and activities to achieve learning outcomes
- Selection of media may depend on the nature of course content, learning goals, access to technology, and the local learning environment

C3.2. Collaborative learning experiences support learning communities which enhance learning outcomes.

C3.2.1. Information and communication technologies are used to enhance interaction. Student-to-student, student-to-content, and faculty-to-student interaction are enhanced by taking advantage of a variety of technologies that may include:

- Discussion boards
- Chat rooms
- Mass emails to class members
- Streaming audio and/or video
- Instant messaging
- Blogs
- Wikis

C3.2.2. Course activities are used to foster interaction and a sense of community.

Activities may include:

- Participation in course discussion boards
- Group activities (large and small groups)
- Debates
- Student presentations
- Residency periods

C3.2.3. Class sizes recognize the challenges of teaching and learning online, and the effect of numbers on interaction.

- Online course section size generally ranges from 10 to 25 students
- Larger classes must be managed by such strategies as breaking the class into smaller sections, involving additional instructors or teaching assistants in the course, or committing sufficient faculty time to ensure adequate faculty-student interaction and prompt feedback on assignments

C3.3. Faculty and staff pay attention to factors that can enhance the quality of the learning experience for the student.

C3.3.1. The learner is actively engaged.

- Courses encourage active participation and knowledge construction
- Where appropriate, learning outcomes relate to real-life experiences through simulation and application

C3.3.2. Learning environments include problem-based as well as knowledge-based learning.

- Problem-based learning involves higher order thinking skills such as analysis, synthesis, and evaluation.
- Knowledge-based learning involves recall, comprehension and application

## **C4. Students**

C4.1. Students are satisfied with online courses. Students:

- Are familiar with and comfortable with the pace, rhythms, and learning objectives of the online class
- Actively contribute to the learning community in a collegial manner
- Receive feedback, participation, and communication with faculty and students in the online class
- Take an online class to enrich their academic program

## **P. PRINCIPLES AND METRICS RELATED TO PROGRAMS**

### **P1. Administrative and Technical Support**

P1.1. Schools provides administrative resources for the online program

P1.1.1. Schools have an organizational commitment to quality and effectiveness in online education. For example:

- The online program fits into the mission, goals, strategic plan, and vision of the school.
- The program has a sustainable business plan including adequate resources for funding costs and mechanisms to return revenue from the University to cover program costs
- Administrative processes such as admissions and registration are readily available to online students, and program materials clearly describe how access is obtained
- Advising is readily available to online students throughout the duration of the program and program materials clearly describe how access is obtained
- Students have access to technical assistance throughout the duration of the program, including detailed instructions for all required program software and hardware, practice sessions available prior to the beginning of the course/program, and convenient access to technical support staff (point of need and general portal)
- There is a process in place within the school to ensure quality in online courses and programs (e.g.: the school has designated an individual with administrative authority to be responsible for ensuring quality online)

P1.1.2. The online program is reviewed and accredited regularly by a professional association (e.g., American Library Association)

P1.1.2.1. The online program is reviewed and accredited/approved regularly by additional bodies, for example:

- The parent institution conducts periodic reviews of the online program
- The program is accredited by a state body (e.g., New York State Department of Education)
- The program is accredited by a regional accreditation body (e.g., Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools)

P1.1.3. The school promotes faculty and staff participation in organizations related to online education (e.g.: Sloan-C, ALISE Distance Education SIG, Educause)

## **P2. Students**

### **P2.1. Student satisfaction with the online education program**

#### **P2.1.1. Students are satisfied with program administration. Students:**

- Have an assigned and available advisor and/or mentor
- Have opportunities for internships and practical experience
- Have ready access to career support
- Have access to an orientation which includes an assessment of their ability as online learners, familiarity with online course delivery and the learning management system, and general expectations of the program

#### **P2.1.2. Online education courses are scheduled to allow students to complete degree requirements in a timely fashion. For example:**

- Courses are offered with sufficient frequency and predictability.
- Expected or average time-to-degree is available to prospective students.
- Cohorts have access to at least two classes each term. The presence of multiple cohorts requires additional course offerings.

### **P2.2. The school fosters a learning community that extends beyond the online classroom.**

#### **P2.2.1. Factors that contribute to a sense of community in online education can include:**

- Formation and identification of cohort groups
- Virtual spaces allotted for students only
- Membership in community discussion listservs and/or discussion boards
- Residency periods

#### **P2.2.2. Access to student groups is enjoyed by online students. Examples include:**

- Student membership in professional groups (ALA, ASIST, SLA etc.)
- Participation in local student organizations and committees
- Access to special events such as symposia and lectures

#### **P2.2.3. Eligibility for student awards and scholarships to support online students**

**Additional resources related to online education are available on the WISE websites:**

**[www.wiseeducation.org](http://www.wiseeducation.org)**

**[www.wisepedagogy.org](http://www.wisepedagogy.org)**